ROADS DEPARTMENT OF GEORGIA

MINISTRY OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE



Environmental and Social Impact Management Plan

Third Secondary and Local Roads Project and Secondary Road Asset

Management Project

Sh-45 Ozurgeti-Shemoqmedi-Bjujhesi-Gomismta Road

Periodic Maintenance: km 0.0-km 12.3

TNM Limited

Georgia

2019

PART I: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

INSTITUTIONAL &	ADMINISTRATIVE	SITE INFORMAT				
Country	Georgia					
Project title		e of Ozurgeti-Shemoan	nedi-Biuihesi-Gomi	smta Road (sh45) from km0.0 –km12.3		
Scope of project and activity	Periodic Maintenance of Ozurgeti-Shemoqmedi-Bjujhesi-Gomismta Road (sh45) from km0.0 -km12.3 On the basis of the results of comprehensive engineering assessment of the current condition of the project road network, surveying the geometric features, road furniture, culverts, bridges, traffic characteristics, and pavement condition etc., the adequacy of this road section for periodic maintenance was determined. Asphalt pavement of this road section has developed pavement distresses such as cracks, potholes, edge breaks etc., due to traffic movement, climatic and environmental conditions. Periodic maintenance on this section of road, includes activities to preserve the structural integrity of the road. These activities will require specialized equipment and skilled personnel. The activities include resealing and overlay works in response to measured deterioration in road conditions after proper identification, design and planning for implementation. General charecteristics of this road section: Road length: 12.3 km Road Pavement type: Asphalt Average width of the carriageway: 5.5 m; Width of the shoulder: 0.5- 1.0 m; Culverts: 25 Bridges: 6					
	S	2 lanes / two direction	18			
Institutional arrangements (Name and contacts)	WB (Project Team Leader) Aymen A. Osman	Project Management Giorgi Tsereteli	Local Counterpart and/or Recipient Ozurgeti Municipality			
Implementation arrangements (Name and contacts)	Ali WB Safeguard Supervision	Local Counterpart Supervision	Local Inspectorate Supervision	Contractor (Not Defined)		
	Darejan Kapanadze Environment Sophia Georgieva Social	TNM				
SITE DESCRIPTION	l					
Name of site Describe site location	Ozurgeti-Shemoqmedi-Bjujhesi-Gomismta Road (sh45) from km 0.0 to km 12.3 The Sh-45 road starts at the junction with Sh-02 in Ozurgeti and ends at km 12.3. The road section commences in Ozurgeti at the Rompetrol fuel station. There are residential dwellings on both sides of the road. At the 100-meter mark, there is a bridge above the River Nabjujara. Gas pipeline follows on the right side of the road. At the 1 km mark, there is a market on the right side of the road. At the Makvaneti turn, there is a church and a bus stop on the left side of the road, and a market on the right side of the road. From that point, a gas pipeline is installed on the left side of the road. At around 3.8 km mark, there is a football stadium on the right side of the road. From that point for about 800 meters residential areas are only located on the left side of the road, and on the right side the River Nabjuara adjoins the road. At about the 4.6 km mark, there is a school and its extended territory is marked with a metal fence. At about the 4.9 km mark, there is a second bridge crossing over the River Nabjujara. At the 6 km mark, there is a third bridge over the River Arkuna. At about the 7.7 km mark, there is an orthodox church on the left side and a stadium on the right side of the road. At about the 9.3 km mark, there is another bridge over the River Dikhashkura, and a restaurant is located on the left side. At about the 10.2 km mark, there is a further bridge over the River					

	Tsiskhvilis gele. At about the 10.7 km mark, there is a landslide. At 11.6 km, there is another bridge over the River Kalua. At 12 km mark, there is a concrete crash barrier for 300 meters extending to the end of the road section.				
Who owns the land?	The existing ROW is owned by Oz	rurgeti Municipality.			
Description of geographic, physical, biological, geological, hydrographic and socio-economic context	Location: The Sh-45 road starts at the junction with Sh-02 in Ozurgeti and ends at km 12.3. Air: Air quality in the project area is good due to low traffic levels and the absence of industrial facilities Water and Soil: The road section crosses the following revers: Nabjuara, Arkuna, Dikhahkura, Tsisqvilisgele and Kalua. No pollution is reported. Flora: Vegetation of the area through which the road passes is mainly comprised of Hornbeam. Chestnut, Alder, Acacia and Pine. The small number of shrubs may be damaged during the maintenance works. Fauna: Animal species occurring in the project implementation area include Bear, Roe, Jackal and Marten. Noise: The current noise level is low due to low intensity of traffic and lack of industrial facilities. Construction activates will have modest impact on those people who reside in existing village along this road and this impact will be limited to the periodic maintenance phase.				
	Social/Involuntary Resettlement: The following settlements are located along the road section: Ozurgeti (14,785 residents), Kviriketi (284 residents), Tsitelmta (591 residents) and the largest village Shemoqmedi with 1322 residents. There is a bus stop at km10.910 and three (3) public schools along the road section at km 1.365, km 4.536 and km 7.758. No land take is required for undertaking rehabilitation of the road section. Road rehabilitation works will not cause any temporary impact of existing fences, perennials or other assets.				
Locations and	Information about material resource	es near the project road:			
distance for	Description	Location			
material sourcing,	River Quarry	Village Ozurgeti, River Natanebi. Village Dvabzu, River			
especially inert		Natanebi			
aggregates, water,					
stones					
LEGISLATION					
Identify national &	_	ordance with the World Bank's safeguard policy OP/BP 4.01 -			
local legislation		l on this policy, present subproject is classified as environmental			
&permits that		nmental and Social Impact Management is prepared according to the			
apply to project		Under the Georgian legislation, a road rehabilitation project does not			
activity	-	nental impact, approval or issuance of a permit. However, with the			
	national regulation system:	1. 1			
	i) Contractor company must be				
		be obtained from licensed providers,			
	_	n a quarry, an appropriate license must be obtained from the National linistry of Economy and Sustainable Development;			
	= '	en its own plant of asphalt or concrete (or both), an environmental			
	_	e upper limit of pollution concentration;			
		disposed at the official landfill based on the agreement with the Solid			
		y or placed at the pre-selected site officially agreed with local self-			

Grievance Redress Mechanism

A grievance redress mechanism (GRM) will be available to allow an Affected Person (AP) appealing any decision on which they disagree.

The APs will be informed about the available GRM during public consultations and through distributing of brochures prior to commencement of works. In addition, an announcement with relevant information will be displayed on the information boards in the lobbies of buildings of each and every project-affected municipality. APs will be fully informed of their rights and of the procedures for addressing complaints either verbally or in writing during pre-construction, construction and operation periods. Care will always be taken to prevent grievances rather than going through a redress process.

Mr. Temur Giorgadze, Head of Infrastructure Department in Ozurgeti. Mobile Phone: $599\,36\,35\,10$

Grievance Redress Commission (GRC) Contact Person:

Woone 1 none. 377 30 33 10

The Contact Person shall collect and record the grievances in a special log.

If the grievance remains unsolved at the local level, it will be lodged to the RDMRDI. For any information and advice, RD nominated following persons:

1. Mariam Begiashvili - Social Safeguards Consultant

Mobile Phone 577 74 40 88; 555 400 205; e-mail: mbegiashvili2@gmail.com

2. Maya Vashakidze – Environmental Safeguards Consultant;

Mobile Phone: 593 32 30 77 e-mail: maya_vashakidze@yahoo.co.uk

Roads Department of RDMRDI: 12 Kazbegi str., Tbilisi, Georgia

Grievance Redress Commission (GRC) is formed by the order of the Head of RDMRDI as a permanently functional informal structure, engaging personnel of RDMRDI from all departments. This includes top management, Safeguards, Legal Departments, PR department and other relevant departments (depending on specific structure of the IA).

If the RDMRDI decision fails to satisfy the aggrieved APs, they can pursue further action by submitting their case to the appropriate court of law (Rayon Court) without any reprisal.

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

Identify when and where the public consultation process shall take place Environmental and Social Management Framework for the Secondary Road Asset Management Project was disclosed through the RDMRDI web page and the stakeholder consultation meeting was held on 14/07/2015.

The present draft ESMP was uploaded on the RDMRDI website and the hard copies provided to Chokhatauri Municipality. Public consultation on the draft ESMP was held in Chokhatauri Municipality. The notification of ESMP Public Disclosure date, time and location will be made early enough to ensure high attendance of project stakeholders. The minutes of the meeting was attached to the final version of the ESMP.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: Project location map;

Attachment 2: Minutes of public consultation on the draft ESMP;

Attachment 3: Waste disposal agreement (to be provided by the contractor);

Attachment 4: Borrowing license (as applicable, to be provided by the contractor);

Attachment 5: Asphalt plant operation agreement (as applicable, to be provided by the contractor)

PART II: SAFEGUARDS SCREENING AND TRIGGERS

ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING FOR SAFEGUARDS TRIGGERS							
	Activity/Issue	Status	Triggered Actions				
	1. Roads rehabilitation	[X] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section A				
	2. New construction of small traffic infrastructure	[] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section A				
	3. Impacts on surface drainage system	[X] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section B				
	4. Historic building(s) and districts	[] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section C				
Will the site activity include/involve any of the	5. Acquisition of land ¹	[] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section D				
following?	6. Hazardous or toxic materials ²	[] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section E				
	7. Impacts on forests and/or protected areas	[] Yes [X No	If "Yes", see Section F				
	8. Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)	[] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section G				
	9. Traffic and Pedestrian Safety	[X] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section H				
	10. Impacts on land property and use	[X] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section I				
	11. Social risk	[X] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section J				

¹ Land acquisition includes displacement of residents, change the way of life, this is concerning with land which was purchased/handed over and impact on persons living and/or unlawfully exist and or/performing business activities (Booths) on the land already purchased.

² Hazardous or toxic materials contain, but is not limited to: asbestos, toxic paints, hazardous dissolvent materials, removal of lead containing materials and etc.

PART III: MITIGATION MEASURES

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST				
0. General Conditions	Notification and Worker Safety	a) Notify local construction and environment inspectorates and communities on the upcoming activities;				
		b) Notify public on the works through appropriate notification in the media and/or at publicly accessible sites (including the site of the works);				
		c) Obtain all legal permits for road construction works;				
		d) Provide personnel with workers' personal safety equipment in compliance with international standards (should always wear helmets, masks and safety sunglasses, protective shoes);				
		e) Post relevant warning and reminding signs with information on environmental, health and safety code of conduct in the visible locations of the work site;				
		f) Post contact information around work site in the locations visible to local communities enabling project-affected people to raise questions and voice grievances.				
A. General Rehabilitation and /or Construction Activities	Air Quality	a) Apply precautionary measures to avoid excessive dust emission during earth works and materials loading-unloading (e.g., restriction material dropping from a big height during loading-unloading);				
		b) Keep demolition debris, excavated soil and aggregates in controlled area and sprayed with water mist to reduce debris dust;				
		c) During pneumatic drilling or breaking of pavement and foundations, suppress dust by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at site;				
		d) Keep free the surrounding environment (sidewalks, roads) free of soil and debris to minimize dust;				
		e) Disallow open burning of construction/waste material at the site;				
		f) Keep machinery in compliance with the regulations of the emission origin, proper technical repairs should be ensured, and the pitch shall be free from unnecessary construction machinery.				
	Noise	a) Limit construction noise to daytime;				
		b) Apply additional noise management arrangements in the vicinity of schools and hospitals;				
		c) During operations, keep engine covers of generators, air compressors and other powered mechanical equipment closed, and place equipment as far away from residential areas as possible				
	Water Quality	a) Establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as e.g. hay bales and / or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off site and nearby streams and rivers.				

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
	Waste management	a) Pre-identify and obtain formal permissions/agreement on the waste collection and disposal pathways and sites for all major waste types expected from excavation, demolition and construction activities;
		b) Separate mineral garbage / wastes remaining for construction and dismantling from general, organic, liquid and chemical waste and to be sorted in containers;
		c) Dispose all types of waste strictly according the existing formal agreements and exclusively to the designated locations;
		d) Reuse and recycle non-toxic wastes to the extent possible.
B. Impacts on surface drainage system	Water Quality	 a) Do not undertake uncontrolled extraction of groundwater, nor uncontrolled discharge of wastewater, cement slurry, or other polluted waters into surface water bodies or natural environment in general; obtain necessary licenses and permits for water extraction and regulated discharge prior to commencement of activity;
		b) Install and operate proper storm water drainage systems; ensure that they do not fill up with silt, do not pollute, block or otherwise negatively impact natural streams, rivers, ponds and lakes;
		c) Introduce and follow procedures for prevention of and response to accidental spills of fuels, lubricants and other toxic or noxious substances;
		d) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute natural surface water bodies.
C. Historic building(s)	Cultural Heritage	a) In case the construction is carried out near historical buildings or in the historical area, the notification and acceptance / consent from local government organs shall be taken. All types of construction work should be planned and implemented in accordance with local and national legislation.
		b) In case of land excavation or findings of ancient times or other possible archaeological items, it is necessary to record and register the facts of responsible official agencies and to suspend or reverse the works by taking into consideration circumstances.
D. Acquisition of land	Land Acquisition Plan/Framework	 a) If land take is required for undertaking works in a given site, do not enter this site until receipt of a formal notice from the Employer on the completion of resettlement and payment of compensations. Works are authorized after approval of the resettlement completion report by the Employer and the World Bank; b) In case of public complaints on incomplete or improper resettlement/compensation, take all activity on hold, enter complaints into log book and immediately inform the Employer. Do not resume works until
T	4.1	formal notice from the Employer.
E. Toxic materials	Asbestos management	a) If asbestos is located on the project site, it shall be marked clearly as hazardous materialb) When possible of asbestos will be appropriately contained and sealed to minimize exposure

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
		 c) Asbestos prior to removal (If necessary) will be treated with a wetting agent to minimize asbestos dust d) Asbestos will be handed and disposed by skilled & experienced professionals e) If asbestos material is stored temporarily, the waste should be securely enclosed inside closed container and marked appropriately. Security measures will be taken against unauthorized removal from the site. f) Removal of asbestos will not be reused
	Toxic / hazardous waste management	 a) Temporarily storage on site of all hazardous or toxic substances will be in safe containers labeled with details of composition, properties and handling information b) Containers of hazardous substances shall be placed in a leak-proof container to prevent spillage c) Waste shall be transported by specially licensed carriers and disposed in licensed facility d) Paints with toxic ingredients or solvents or lead-based paints will not be used
F. Affected forests, wetlands and/or protected areas	Ecosystem protection	 a) (A) It is inadmissible to carry out works on the territories belonging to the State Forest Fund until the completion of the removal procedure b) Cutting of trees should be minimized, through the regulation of access roads, as well as by using of small capacity equipment and manual works. c) All trees that have to be extracted must be marked and their removal must be entered into treecutting ledger on daily basis
G. Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)	Hazard to human health and safety	a) Before to start any excavation activities, Contractor shall verify that the construction area has been checked and cleared regarding UXO by appropriate authorities
H. Traffic and pedestrian safety	Direct or indirect hazards to public traffic and pedestrians by construction activities	 In compliance with national regulations, ensure that the construction site is properly secured, and construction related traffic regulated. This includes but is not limited to: a) Use signposting, warning signs, barriers and traffic diversions so that the work site is clearly visible, and the public warned of all potential hazards; b) Apply traffic management system and train staff, especially for site access and near-site heavy traffic; provide safe passages and crossings for pedestrians where construction traffic interferes; c) Adjust working hours to local traffic patterns, avoid major transport activities during rush hours or times of livestock movement; d) If required, undertake active traffic management by trained and visible staff at the site for safe passage for the public;

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
		e) If school children are in the vicinity, include traffic safety personnel to direct traffic during school hours;f) Ensure safe and continuous access to all adjacent office facilities, shops and residences during construction.
I. Impacts on land property and use	Limited/lost access to the land	a) Ensure provision of undisturbed and safe access to homes, lands and other assets of the local population;b) Plan road works to maintain undisturbed access to land and assets of the local population by planning and implementing works and activities in coordination with residents and representatives of the local community.
	Temporary impact on privately-owned assets	 a) Avoid trespassing or incidentally damaging of private property (using small-size machinery or manual labor near walls and fences, stockpiling of construction material and waste away from private property; etc.); b) In case of unintended damage to private property, quickly restore it to the original or better status; c) In case of expected temporary impact on privately-owned property, inform owners upfront and guarantee restoration, acquire written consent of owners for intervention, and promptly restore the damage to the original or better status; d) If an unexpected need for land take emerges in the couse of works, do not enter the affected site prior to development and full implementation of the Resettlemet Action Plan by RD
	Loss of income or assets caused by unauthorized intervention, occupation of territory outside of ROW	 a) Avoid unauthorized intervention of territory outside of ROW; b) If such impact occurs by negligence of the construction company workers, record the case/claim; assess the loss and negotiate with an affected owner based on the adopted principles and valuation methodology described in the RAP and provide fair cash compensation at the Company's own cost; c) Apply GRM procedures if the case is unresolved through negotiation.
J. Social Impact	Public relationship management	 a) Assign local liaison person who is in charge of communication with and receiving requests/ complaints from local population; b) Consulted local communities to identify and pro-proactively manage potential conflicts between an external workforce and local people; c) Raise local community awareness about sexually disease risks associated with the presence of an external workforce and include local communities in awareness activities;

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
		 d) Inform population about construction and work schedules, interruption of the services, traffic detour routes and provisional bus routes, blasting and demolition, as appropriate; e) Limit construction activities at night. When necessary, carefully schedule night-time works and inform affected community so they can take necessary measures; f) At least five days in advance of any service interruption (including water, electricity, telephone, bus routes), advice affected community through postings at the project site, at bus stops, and in affected homes/businesses.
	Labor management	 a) To the extent possible, locate work camps away from local communities; b) Undertake sitting and operation of worker camps in consultation with neighboring communities; c) Recruit unskilled or semi-skilled workers from local communities to the extent possible. Where and when feasible, provide worker skills training to enhance participation of local people; d) Provide adequate lavatory facilities (toilets and washing areas) in the work site with adequate supplies of hot and cold running water, soap, and hand drying devices. Provide separate WC facilities where male and female workers are employed. Establish temporary septic tanks for any residential labor camp and without causing pollution of nearby watercourses; e) Raise awareness of workers on overall relationship management with local population. Establish the code of conduct in line with international practice, ensure that all workers are aware of it, have read and signed off the code of conduct, and strictly enforce it, including the dismissal of workers and financial penalties of adequate scale; f) Ensure availability of grievance mechanism for workers on labor-related issues.

PART IV: MONITORING PLAN CONSTRUCTION PHASE

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Supply with construction materials	Purchase of construction materials from the officially registered suppliers	In the supplier's office or warehouse	Verification of documents and quality	During conclusion of the supply contracts	Ensure technical reliability and safety of infrastructure	RD
Transportation of construction materials and waste Movement of construction machinery	Technical condition of vehicles and machinery; Confinement and protection of truck loads with lining; Respect of the established hours and routes of transportation	Construction materials and construction waste transportation routes	Inspection of nearby sites roads with directions of movement routes	Unannounced inspections during work hours and beyond	Limit pollution of soil and air from emissions; Limit nuisance to local communities from noise and vibration; Minimize traffic	RD Traffic Police
Operation of construction machinery on site	Proper condition of Construction equipment: - surplus emissions - Fuel-lubricant - Working hours security - Damage of Tree plant if it is not considered for the road construction	Construction Sites	Inspection of the works	In and after working hours	disruption. Reduce the air and soil contamination during equipment operation; Limit the disturbance of the population with noise and vibration	RD

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Servicing of construction machinery	Washing vehicles and machinery off-site of in the location sufficiently distant from water bodies; Servicing vehicles and machinery with oils and lubricants off-site or in an especially arranged location on-site; Technical adequacy of the servicing location: • solid, insulating floor or adsorbent layer (sand, gravel, membrane), • containment barriers allowing enough sapce for holding fuel over the maximum amount expected on the location at a time, • emergency fire-fighting kit, sedimentation pool at car wash area.	Construction site and construction base (if applicable)	Inspection	Entire period of machinery operation	Avoid land and water pollution with oil products due to servicing of vehicles and machinery; Be ready for fire emergency action to promptly localize fire source and minimize material damage	RD
Surface water pollution during bridge repair works	Sediment, organic mixtures, lubricants, fuel, solvents, pH of heavy metals, oils	Bridge repair works	Inspection	During repair works. During the bridge repair works; Unannounced inspections during	Reduction of water pollution caused by construction equipment	RD

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
				work hours and beyond		
Purchasing of natural construction materials	Purchase of material from the existing suppliers if feasible; Obtaining of extraction license by the works contract and strict compliance with the license conditions; Terracing of the borrow area, backfilling to the exploited areas of the borrow site, and landscape harmonization; Excavation of river gravel and sand from outside of the water stream, arrangement of protective barriers of gravel between excavation area and the water stream, and no entry of machinery into the water stream. Marking of the Quarries with warning signs	Quarries	Checking of documents Inspection	During extraction of materials	Limiting erosion of slopes and degradation of ecosystems and landscapes; Limiting erosion of river banks, water pollution with suspended particles and disruption of aquatic life; Protection of cattle and population from damage.	RD LEPL National Agency of Mines of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia
Generation of construction waste	Temporary storage of construction waste in especially allocated areas; Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated locations	Construction site; Waste disposal site; Proper territories assigned for the waste disposal.	Visual Inspection and inspection of Documentation	During whole construction period	Prevent pollution of the construction site and nearby area with solid waste	RD

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
	Delivery of hazardous wastes for companies with disabilities and disposal licenses					
Accumulation of household waste	Placement of containers to collect household waste on construction site (if exist); Agreement with local municipalities regarding the regular disposal of household waste	construction site (if exist);	Visual Inspection	During whole construction period	To avoid pollution of soil and water with domestic waste.	RD
Generation of liquid waste	Arrangement of a toilets matching the sanitary norms on the construction site (if exist); Arrangement and periodic cleaning of the drainage system for the collection and flow of rain water from the construction site; Construction of Sedimentation Basin for water used for household and equipment	construction site (if exist);	Visual Inspection	During whole construction period Frequently In case of strong sedimentation	Prevent the flooding of the construction site and to hinder the activity; Minimize surface and groundwater contamination	RD
Operation of asphalt-concrete plant	Obtaining of environmental conclusion and adherence to its conditions; Selection of such a place to install the plant that ensures minimal disturbance of the population by noise, dust and emissions;	Plant Territory	Visual Inspection and inspection of Documentation	During installation and operation period of the plant.	Minimize disturbance of the local population near the construction site; Minimize air, surface and ground water contamination	RD LEPL National Environment Agency of the Ministry of

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
	Arrangement of several sedimentation basins for the water outflowing from the factory.					Environment Protection and Agriculture
Safety of labor	Provision of uniforms and personal protective gear to workers and enforcement of their use;	Construction site	Inspection of the activities	Entire period of construction	Reduce the probability of accidents	RD
	Consistency with the rules of exploitation of the construction equipment and machinery;					
	Presence and use of viable GRM for construction contractor's personnel;					
	Maintenance of adequate sanitary conditions at work bases/sites, including provision of separate WCs if both men and women are employed.					
Works near privately-owned land, buildings and other assets	Avoid trespassing or incidentally damaging of private property (using small-size machinery or manual labor near walls and fences, stockpiling of construction material and waste away from private property; etc.);	Works near privately-owned land, buildings and other assets	Monitoring and inspection	Entire period of construction	Reduce the probability of damages on private property; Exclude temporary or permanent violation of ownership and/or user rights on the	RD
	1				permanent violation	

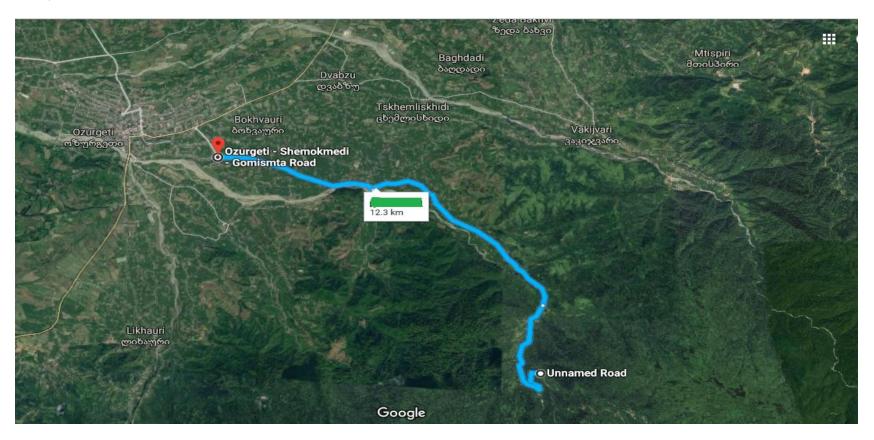
Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
	In case of unintended damage to private property, quickly restore it to the original or better status; In case of expected temporary impact on privately-owned property, inform owners upfront and guarantee restoration, acquire written consent of owners for intervention, and promptly restore the damage to the original or better status;					
	If an unexpected need for land take emerges in the couse of works, do not enter the affected site prior to development and full implementation of the Resettlemet Action Plan by RD					

OPERATION PHASE

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Maintenance of the road carriageway and shoulders	Regular collection and disposal of domestic waste left by passengers and driver; The timely removal of animal	Adjacent territories of the road and side ditches	Inspection	Quarterly	Prevent pollution. Ensure safe movement of the traffic	RD
Maintenance of drainage ditches	Regular cleaning of culverts from sewage and household waste	Side ditches along the roads	Visual Observation	Quarterly	Maintain drainage system Prevent flooding of the road and avoid water damage	RD
Addressing accidental spillage on the road	Timely localization, collection, decontamination and disposal of waste or emitted liquid or loose cargo waste during a road accident	On the road and on the adjacent territories	Checking	During the road accidents, according to the necessity	Prevent littering and pollution.	RD Patrol Police

ATTACHMENT 1: PROJECT LOCATION MAP

Sh-45; Periodic Maintenance Section: from km 0.0 to km 12.3



MINUTES

Of public consultation meeting on Environmental and Social Management plan (ESMP) and Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) for Rehabilitation and Periodic Maintenance of Secondary of Road Sections;

Sh-02 Sajavakho-Chokhatauri-Ozurgeti-Kobuleti

Sh-81 Chokhauati-Bakhmaro

Sh-83 Chokhauati-Zomleti

31 May 2019

Chokhatauri Municipality

Chairman of meeting - Maya Vashakidze, Environmental Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Secretary of meeting – Luka Keshelava, representative of Local Supervisor, TNM

Speakers: Maya Vashakidze - Environmental Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Mariam Begiashvili - Social Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Lela Shatirishvili – Representative of the Local Supervisor, TNM

Attendees of the Meeting: See attachment 1

The goal of the public discussion was to inform the local communities about the purpose of the upcoming works, their timeline, temporary inconveniences expected from the construction works, and planned measures for mitigating the expected negative environmental and social impacts. Local stakeholders had possibility to ask questions and express their opinion during the public discussion, so that their comments could have been considered in the final version of the Environmental and Social Management Plans (ESMPs) and the Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP).

Ms. Mariam Begiashvili opened the meeting and raised pertinent issues relating to the benefits of the project, including economic benefits, increased safety for road users and local population, reduced delivery time to markets, and increased potential for job opportunities. Special focus was made on job opportunities for local females to be engaged in periodic maintenance and handle the work load that does not consider heavy physical workload. She highlighted successful examples of similar project initiated in Kakheti road project. Ms. Begiashvili also stated that civil works contract signed between the RDMRD and Contractor will contain the requirements that contractor ensures engagement of local people, with special attention to females, during construction, monitoring and operation phases. The RDMRD and Construction Supervision Company will monitor that Construction Company follows the restrictions imposed by the Labor Code of Georgia, ESMPs and international standards on any form of trafficking and child labor.

This notification was taken with interest of female and male attendees.

The opening speech was followed by presentation from Ms. Maya Vashakidze. She informed attendees about the meaning of Secondary Road Asset Management Project (SRAMP) for Georgia's economic development and presented the ESMPs prepared for rehabilitation and maintenance of the selected secondary roads in Guria region. She covered the scope of planned works, their possible impact on the natural environment and human health. She introduced the

proposed mitigation measures to reduce negative environmental impacts of the project in the construction and operation phases.

Then the floor was given to Mrs. Lela Shatirishvili, Social Safeguards and Resettlement Consultant, who was in charge of conducting all social studies and developing ARAP in compliance with the active legislation of Georgia, the Resettlement Policy Framework of SRAMP, and WB OP 4.12. Describing the activities undertaken during ARAP preparation, she discussed types of temporary impact to fences attached to the land parcels located along the road sections subject to rehabilitation. She explained the method used by the independent licensed valuator during determination or replacement value at current market cost of construction materials without deduction of depreciation and cost for salvaged materials. She confirmed that according to the types of potentially affected fence six different unit rates (GEL/linear meter) have been determined and the information was provided in the Public Information Booklet (PIB).

Ms. Shatirishvili mentioned that all project-affected persons will be given a choice to receive compensation and restore affected fences by the completion of construction work or agree to the construction company to restore the fence by the completion of civil works at the spot. The attendees were informed that during construction works, the Construction Company will provide relevant protection barriers to prevent intruders entering the land parcels that have temporarily affected fences, as it is important to prevent cattle from entering agricultural land parcels, and also to ensure human safety of households in the cases where the affected fences are attached to residential dwellings.

Ms. Shatirishvili also described the method and compensation unit rates for fruit bearing perennials that may be affected during road rehabilitation works and confirmed the suggested unit rates provided in the Annex 2 of the PIB.

Special attention was given to the Grievance Redress Mechanism and steps required to apply to Grievance Redress Committee during the entire cycle of the project.

In conclusion of the consultation meeting, the floor was opened to the question-answer session. The table A below describes the results of Question-Answer Session.

Table A. Questions raised by the APs and the answers provided by the Public Meeting organizers

#	Name of AP	Question raised	Answer provided by the Consultant
1	Mr. Mamuka	As the Mayor's Representative in	Thank you for the delivering this message.
	Dolidze	Municipality Amaghleba I was asked	In addition, prior to commencement of
		to deliver to your attention their	road works the Construction Company will
		choice and instead of any cash	coordinate with the Mayor's Office and
		compensation they prefer not to	most likely you would be kindly requested
		receive any cash but prefer the	to assist construction company in the
		Construction Company to restore	process of obtainment relevant written
		project affected fences it its own cost.	consents from the local residents.
2	This question	When is expected the commencement	Civil works and construction activities will
	was asked by	of Construction activities?	start after the Construction Contractor is
	many APs		selected through International tender and
			the relevant contract is awarded. Most
			likely it will take at least another six
			months.
3	Mr. Ilia	Is Chokhatauri-Bakhmaro road section	This is road Sh-83; The beginning of road
	Sharashidze	fully included or some sections are	from km 0+000 to km 3.5 is already under

4	Ms. Rusudan Kirkitadze	excluded from the pending project? Drainage pipes are in poor condition causing flood risks for Street 9th of April residents in the center	periodic maintenance. This pending project will cover rehabilitation of gravel road starting at km 3+500 to km 13+800. Although all damaged culverts and drainage pipes will be replaced by new ones along the selected road sections, this
		Chokhatauri.	specific address in not the part of the project discussed today. This issue should be addressed by the local Municipality. However, we as the representatives of Roads Department will take the note to our management for the further follow up.
5	This question was raised by female attendees	We have not yet heard of such possibility yet. Is that possible to get employed on road works?	This is relatively new initiative of the RD following the WB suggestion. However, RD has already gained some success in Kakheti region, where several dozen women were hired on salary paid job to support routine maintenance of local roads. We believe that similar job opportunity will be of interest to local females as this is not related to work with heavy equipment and does not require long working hours, still leaving time to women to take care of their family and children.

List of Participants of the consultation meeting on Environmental and Social Management plan (ESMP)

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